

Crowdsourced Fact-Checking for Misinformation: A Journey Through Nine Years of Research (2018–2026)

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Fact-Checking at Scale

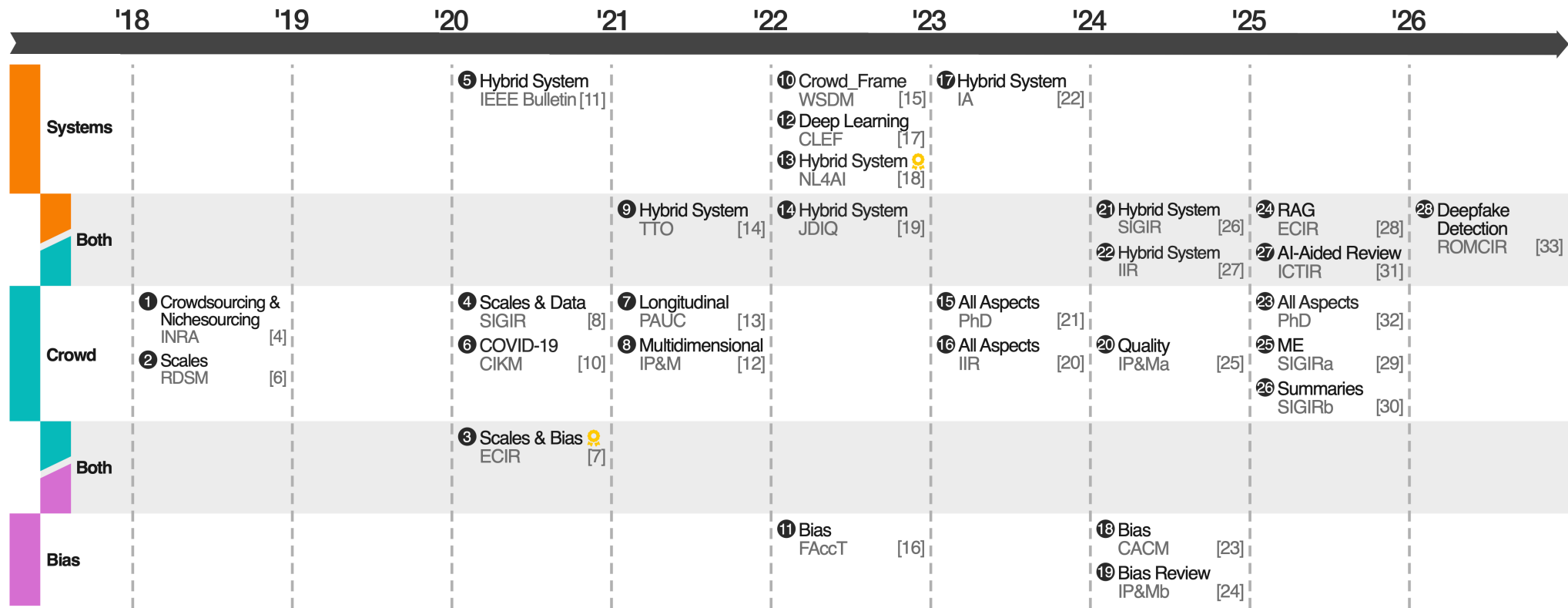
- Online misinformation **spreads faster** than professional fact-checking can scale
- Expert fact-checking remains essential, but it requires **time, expertise, and evidence**
- Scaling truthfulness assessment requires additional forms of **human judgment**
- Crowdsourcing offers a way to collect many **independent judgments**

GUIDING QUESTION

Can crowdsourcing approximate expert fact-checking for truthfulness assessment?

Nine Years of Research

- Since 2018, our work has expanded across **task design, bias, systems, and hybrid workflows**



Markers show publications by year. Rows group contributions by focus. Yellow symbols indicate best paper awards.

Key Shifts

- **Truthfulness representation** became more expressive, moving beyond binary labels toward ordinal, multidimensional, and numerical judgments
- **Task design** became central, as wording, evidence, platform, domain, and worker behavior influenced judgment quality
- **Hybrid workflows** connected crowd judgments with automated components for evidence processing, summarization, and decision support
- **Misinformation assessment** widened beyond textual claims, including recent work on multimodal content

Lessons Learned

- Crowdsourced fact-checking depends on the interaction between **task design, quality control, and evidence presentation**
- Richer truthfulness scales can capture more nuance, but they also change the **cognitive demands** of the task
- Bias is not only a worker property, but also emerges from **task framing, platforms, and evidence selection**
- Human-AI workflows are most effective when **automated components support specific stages** of the assessment process

Open Directions

- Refine how truthfulness is represented, from categorical labels to **more expressive judgments**
- Evaluate hybrid fact-checking workflows in terms of **where, when, and how** human and AI components should interact
- Further study how LLM-generated evidence summaries shape **human judgment**
- Extend crowdsourced assessment to multimodal misinformation, where signals are distributed across **text, audio, and video**

A Shared Journey

- Our research builds on a broader network of **collaborators**
- The names below are our co-authors, grouped by their **first appearance**
- We are **grateful** to all of them

2018-2020

Damiano Spina

Davide Ceolin

Gianluca Demartini

Beatrice Portelli

David La Barbera

Giuseppe Serra

Shaoyang Fan

Vincenzo Della Mea

2021-2023

Erik Brand

Alessandro Checco

Francesco Bombassei De Bona

Joel Mackenzie

Tim Draws

Afshin Rahimi

Massimiliano De Luise

2024-2026

Arkaitz Zubiaga

Jaspreet Singh

Xia Zeng

Denis Eduard Tapu

Dustin Wright

Gabriella Pasi

Isabelle Augenstein

Marco Viviani

Sandip Modha

Andrea Cioci

Thank you!

Selected publications from our research

SIGIR 2020

Judgment Scales

Can The Crowd Identify Misinformation Objectively?

[10.1145/3397271.3401112](https://doi.org/10.1145/3397271.3401112)

PAUC 2021

Longitudinal Assessment

Can the Crowd Judge Truthfulness?

[10.1007/s00779-021-01604-6](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00779-021-01604-6)

IP&M 2021

Multidimensional Truthfulness

The Many Dimensions of Truthfulness

[10.1016/j.ipm.2021.102710](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ipm.2021.102710)

WSDM 2022

Crowdsourcing Infrastructure

Crowd_Frame

[10.1145/3488560.3502182](https://doi.org/10.1145/3488560.3502182)

IP&M 2024

Cognitive Biases

Cognitive Biases in Fact-Checking and Their Countermeasures

[10.1016/j.ipm.2024.103672](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ipm.2024.103672)

IP&M 2024

Crowdsourcing Effectiveness

Crowdsourced Fact-checking: Does It Actually Work?

[10.1016/j.ipm.2024.103792](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ipm.2024.103792)

SIGIR 2024

Hybrid Workflows

Combining Large Language Models and Crowdsourcing

[10.1145/3626772.3657965](https://doi.org/10.1145/3626772.3657965)

SIGIR 2025

Numerical Judgments

The Magnitude of Truth

[10.1145/3726302.3730091](https://doi.org/10.1145/3726302.3730091)

SIGIR 2025

LLM-supported Evidence

Efficiency and Effectiveness of LLM-Based Summarization of Evidence

[10.1145/3726302.3729960](https://doi.org/10.1145/3726302.3729960)

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